Air Conditioner for Outdoor Cabinet Cooling

户外机柜空调器:

空调制冷量的选择

如何选配适用的机柜空调,公式说明如下:

Q = Qi + Qr

Q : 机柜所产生的总热量(单位: W)

Qi : 机柜内的发热量(单位: W)

Qr: 机柜外传至机柜内的热量(单位: W)

Or = K (机柜材料传热系数) $\times A \times \Delta T$

A: 机柜的表面积(单位: m2)

ΔT=T1-T2 (单位: °C)

T1: 柜外最高温度 T2: 柜内控制温度

通过以上计算所得的Q值(机柜所产生的总热量),即是所需空调的制冷量,通常给予 10% 的安全余量:空调 制冷量 = $1.1 \times Q$

空调器加热器的选配

1.

在寒冷的地区,通常需配电热器,加热器功率需根据机柜大小、机柜内自身发 热量及外界最低环境温度等相关参考条件进行选择;

2.

加热器的启停温度一般以控制机柜内部温度不超过 10 度为准;

空调器安装注意事项

1

本产品适用于恶劣气候条件,在超高温、多尘、多油污、含腐蚀性气体或爆炸性气体的环境下使用本设备时,环境温度不得超过60℃,环境湿度不得高于95%,并注意定期进行清洁维护:

2.

选择安装位置时,应确保本设备周围通风良好,使内、外循环进出风通畅,勿使其它物件遮拦或阻挡内、外循环的进出风口,以免降低空调器的效果或致使停机。

3.

设备安装时,应确保空调器水平、垂直,左右、前后最大倾斜度不超过3°。

4.

设备安装时,应确保安装面密封良好,无缝隙,以免产生漏风现象。

其他

- 1. 除了标准品外,还可根据客户要求订制 OEM 产品,包括超高温、海洋使用等特殊场合;
- 2. 具备物联网接入功能,用户可选配远程监控 、无线互联终端模块(通过GPRS、MODBUS 协议等);

* How to select right cooling capacity

Firstly below calculation need to be done before hand.

Q = Qi + Qr // Q: the total heat load of enclosure.

// Qi: equipment heat load,

// Qr: heat load penetrated through surrounding wall.

Qr = K (heat transfer coefficient) * A (surrounding wall surface area) * Δ T (Inside cabinet temp. - ambient temp.)

So the AirCon cooling capacity = 1.1 (capacity margin factor, normally 10% more) * Q

* The Heating function selection

- 1. Normally heater need to have for cold area, the size of heater need to be considered per cabinet size, temp. level, site location
- 2. Normally the Inside temp. should be kept under 10 degree when selecting heater size

* Tips for Installation

- 1. When Install the product under severe condition like dusty, high temperature, please make sure the ambient temperature not over 60 degree, and make sure clean product quarterly.
- 2. Make sure the external circle well ventilated, not been blocked by surrounding obstacles, make sure no air short cutting.
- 3. Make sure the product well mounted and attached on your enclosure, make sure sealing tight enough to avoid air leakage.

